

# Mobilizing mobile medical units for hurricane relief: The United States Public Health Service and Broward County Health Department response to hurricane Wilma, Broward County, Florida

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#### Abstract:

OBJECTIVES: To describe the outcomes of a collaborative response of federal, state, county, and local agencies in conducting syndromic surveillance and delivering medical care to persons affected by the storm through the use of mobile medical units. METHODS: Nine mobile medical vans were staffed with medical personnel to deliver care in communities affected by the storm. Individual patient encounter information was collected. RESULTS: A total of 14,033 housing units were approached and checked for occupants. Of residents with whom contact was made, approximately 10 percent required medical assessment in their homes; 3,218 clients were medically evaluated on the mobile medical vans. Sixty-two percent of clients were female. The most common presenting complaints included normal health maintenance (59%), upper respiratory tract illness (10%), and other illness (10%). Injuries occurred in 9 percent. A total of 1,531 doses of medications were dispensed from the mobile medical units during the response. CONCLUSION: Mobile medical units provided an efficient means to conduct syndromic surveillance and to reach populations in need of medical care who were unable to access fixed local medical facilities.

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### **Resource Description**

#### Communication: M

resource focus on research or methods on how to communicate or frame issues on climate change; surveys of attitudes, knowledge, beliefs about climate change

A focus of content

## **Communication Audience: ☑**

audience to whom the resource is directed

**Public** 

#### Exposure: M

weather or climate related pathway by which climate change affects health

**Extreme Weather Event** 

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**Extreme Weather Event:** Hurricanes/Cyclones

time period studied

Time Scale Unspecified

Vulnerability/Impact Assessment: **☑** 

Geographic Feature: M resource focuses on specific type of geography Ocean/Coastal Geographic Location: M resource focuses on specific location **United States** Health Impact: M specification of health effect or disease related to climate change exposure General Health Impact Intervention: M strategy to prepare for or reduce the impact of climate change on health A focus of content resource focus on how the medical community discusses or acts to address health impacts of climate change A focus of content mitigation or adaptation strategy is a focus of resource Adaptation Population of Concern: A focus of content Population of Concern: M populations at particular risk or vulnerability to climate change impacts Children, Elderly, Low Socioeconomic Status, Racial/Ethnic Subgroup Other Racial/Ethnic Subgroup: Black Resource Type: M format or standard characteristic of resource Research Article, Research Article Timescale: M

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resource focus on process of identifying, quantifying, and prioritizing vulnerabilities in a system

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